FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018





MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
ORGANIZATION	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2 - 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 8
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of net position	9
Statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position	10
Statements of cash flows	11
Notes to financial statements	12 - 19
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	
Schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios	20
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards	21
Note to schedule of expenditures of federal awards	22
Schedules of functional expenses	23 - 24
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	25 - 26
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	27 - 28
Schedule of findings and questioned costs	29 - 30

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT MISSOULA, MONTANA

ORGANIZATION

Board of Directors

Chair	Amy Cilimburg
Vice-Chair	
Treasurer	Doug Odegaard
Secretary	
Director	
Director	Ben Fitch-Fleischmann
Director	Andrea Davis

Officials

General Manager	Corey Aldridge
Director of Operations	Jennifer Sweten
Director of Finance & Administration	Dorothy Magnusen



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Missoula Urban Transportation District Missoula, Montana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Missoula Urban Transportation District, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Missoula Urban Transportation District, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 - 8 and the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios on page 20 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedules of functional expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2019, on our consideration of Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Junkermier, Clark, Campanella, Stevens, P.C.

Kalispell, Montana November 8, 2019

This report is intended to provide a recap of accomplishments and challenges that occurred during fiscal year 2019 (FY19) and to provide insight into events that will impact the fiscal year 2020 (FY20) budget. Additional discussion is provided regarding factors that will influence planning decisions for the fiscal year 2020 budget and help recognize economic trends that will impact Missoula Urban Transportation District financial condition beyond FY20.

Financial Highlights

The following tables summarize the financial condition and operating results for FY19 compared to FY18:

Statement of Net Position

			Increase
	2019	2018	_(Decrease)
Current & other assets	12,875,813	11,722,202	1,153,611
Capital assets	5,557,782_	5,618,906	(61,124)
Total assets	18,433,595_	17,341,108_	1,092,487
Current liabilities	373,976	672,263	(298,287)
Noncurrent liabilities	381,600	406,129	(24,529)
Total liabilities	755,576	1,078,392	(322,816)
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	5,557,782	5,618,906	(61,124)
Unrestricted	12,120,237	10,643,810	1,476,427
Total net position	17,678,019	16,262,716	1,415,303

The current and other assets include cash of \$11,918,206, which will fund fleet replacement capital purchases (local match) through FY27, facilities capital purchases (local match) through FY25 and a portion of future operating expenses, and liabilities. The remaining current and other assets of \$957,607 are primarily receivables for federal operating assistance and property taxes. The capital assets are \$61,124 less than FY18 primarily due to depreciation and disposals.

The net position of \$17,678,019 has increased by \$1,415,303. The unrestricted of \$12,120,237 includes facilities capital projects of \$3,273,724, fleet replacement reserve of \$4,253,982, 2013 mill levy operating funding of \$1,187,739 and a three-month operating reserve of \$1,940,400.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

			Increase
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues	270,157	316,835	(46,678)
Non-operating revenues	8,219,789	7,845,348	374,441
Total revenues	8,489,946	8,162,183	327,763
Expenses:			
Operating	5,888,528	5,416,998	471,530
General and administrative	1,722,834	1,569,773	153,061
Total expenses	7,611,362	6,986,771	624,591
Income before capital contributions	878,584	1,175,412	(296,828)
Capital contributions	536,719	389,876	146,843
Change in net position	1,415,303	1,565,288	(149,985)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	16,262,716	14,697,428	1,565,288
Net Position, End of Year	17,678,019	16,262,716	1,415,303

Revenues:

Operating revenues include Zero-fare partner contributions, contract services, and advertising.

The non-operating revenue increased by \$374,441 primarily due to an increase in property taxes, which is due to a rise in the certified tax valuations and new growth. In FY18 MUTD was notified by the County that there was a change in the estimate for FY16 and FY17. The revenue was reduced in FY17 and the difference was moved to deferred revenue. The FY18 and FY19 property tax assessment is being collected at a lower rate to compensate for the changed estimate in FY16 and FY17. The deferred revenue was reduced in FY19 as the property tax was earned.

The non-operating revenues include the following sources:

			Increase
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Property and other taxes	5,676,210	5,487,821	188,389
Federal operating assistance	2,137,118	2,052,526	84,592
Federal planning assistance	139,180	138,565	615
Interest income	206,648	118,453	88,195
Other revenues	60,633	47,983	12,650
Total non-operating revenues	8,219,789	7,845,348	374,441

Expenses increased by \$624,591, which includes a combination of increases and decreases in departments. See the Schedule of Functional Expenses later in this report for more details.

			Increase
	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Operations	4,941,295	4,530,703	410,592
Maintenance	947,233	886,295	60,938
General and administrative	1,722,834_	1,569,773	153,061
Total expenses	7,611,362	6,986,771	624,591

Capital contributions are purchases that are funded by federal grants for approximately 80% - 87% of the total cost. The FY19 federal capital contribution is \$536,719 and the FY18 federal contribution is \$389,876.

	Federal and	Federal and Local Funds		
	2019	2018	_(Decrease)_	
Buildings and improvements	267,746	279,238	(11,492)	
Transportation equipment	244,973	126,543	118,430	
Furniture and fixtures and planning	24,000	98,756	(74,756)	
Total	536,719	504,537	32,182	

Budget Comparisons

The FY19 revenue was 3.57% more than the budget. The property taxes are the primary difference.

The FY19 expenses are 4.29% less than the budget. Operations is 3.56% less than budget primarily due to savings in compensation. Maintenance expenses are 5.60% less than budget primarily due to less repairs than anticipated. General and Administrative is 5.87% less than budget primarily due to savings in professional/technical and marketing/promotions.

FY19 Ridership and Service Levels

In 2013, MUTD introduced its first BOLT! route, a schedule-free route operating every 15 minutes. The community overwhelmingly approved funding for a second BOLT! route, longer hours of service, and enhanced Paratransit service for seniors and people with disabilities that started in 2015. At the same time, Zero-Fare service, funded by community partners, was implemented. This resulted in ridership growing from 900,000 in FY14 to 1.5 million in FY19.

Enhancements / Planning / Capital Projects

In 2018 MUTD completed and adopted its Strategic Plan (LRSP). The LRSP is a guiding document to create a transit system more Missoulians can use for all aspects of their lives. In doing so, MUTD will help to facilitate regional growth that is more sustainable, compact, and affordable. At the same time, this plan is careful and deliberate to maintain MUTD's successful record of fiscal health and responsibility.

After completing the LRSP, MUTD began working on a Facilities Master Plan (FMP) to identify future space needs for its Administration and Maintenance Facilities. MUTD is over capacity at its current location and must plan for the future. In addition to space needs, the FMP will create a site plan, building configuration layout, and estimate costs to complete the project.

MUTD utilized multiple federal grants matched with local dollars to procure six (6) electric buses to be delivered in FY20. This will be MUTD's first time utilizing electric buses. The Board of Directors has indicated their desire to transition to entirely electric bus fleet as funding becomes available.

The ridership gains achieved through Zero-fare has also been essential to securing millions of dollars in federal grants for the six (6) electric buses and bus stop improvements for the Missoula community. The funding for MUTD's Bus Stop Master Plan, now provided by the recent Bus and Bus Facilities Grant award, has been a barrier to improving our transportation system for the past several years. Without the ridership increases we have seen through Zero-fare, it's unlikely Missoula would have been competitive for these grants. To our knowledge, MUTD is the only transit agency in the whole country that has received both a Low-No Emissions grant and a Bus and Bus Facilities grant in the same funding cycle. It is only through the support of our partners that these successes were possible.

Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) and Other Partnerships

In FY19, MUTD will continue a campaign to grow the Zero-fare partners to 40 to reflect the number of years in service, "40 for 40". The MUTD has worked with MDT to approve bus stop improvements along roadways controlled by MDT. MUTD will continue to work with MDT on creating standards to allow in-lane stops along urban sections of state roads necessary for creating a livable community.

Key Economic Factors Impacting MUTD Future Budgets

Growth from the district expansion continued in FY19 and we anticipate continued growth in FY20 as the local economy continues to improve. Currently, MUTD is under contract for fuel twelve months in advance and the fuel budget for that term has been set. For the FY20 budget, the fuel costs should be stable at an average of \$2.33 per gallon. MUTD will continue to hedge the purchases of fuel so that it can cost average budget with reasonable confidence and have some level of security should fuel prices skyrocket again.

The collective bargaining agreement with the Teamsters Union Local No. 2 for bus operators, maintenance staff, and paratransit dispatchers will expire June 2020, and negotiations will begin early in 2020.

The FY20 budget increased by 10.86% over the FY19 budget. The increase includes new FTE's to meet the demands of service. Maintenance has been increased due to an aging fleet that requires more repairs.

The six (6) electric buses were delivered in August 2019 and the Bus Stop Master Plan will be implemented beginning in Spring 2020, resulting in large expenditures utilizing federal and local funding.

MUTD continues to diversify the funding resources and rely on a cross section of funding opportunities to meet the budgeted demands. Competition for these more flexible / competitive funding sources has increased significantly over the past few years and MUTD must continue to look for outside partnerships and build public support in order to keep this funding level consistent.

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
CURRENT ASSETS	ASSETS 1 262 261	¢ (01.064
Cash and cash equivalents Capital cash reserves	\$ 1,262,361 7,527,706	\$ 681,864 7,316,125
Operating reserves	3,128,139	1,009,465
Receivables, net	673,446	2,431,979
Supplies inventory	237,476	217,643
Prepaid expenses	46,685	65,126
Total current assets	12,875,813	11,722,202
CAPITAL ASSETS AT COST		
Land	80,909	80,909
Buildings and improvements	6,340,913	6,125,112
Transportation equipment	10,582,071	10,791,896
Shop equipment Furniture and fixtures	171,817	119,376
rumiture and fixtures	788,363 17,964,073	781,363 17,898,656
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(12,406,291)	(12,279,750)
Net capital assets	5,557,782	5,618,906
Net capital assets	3,337,702	3,010,700
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 18,433,595</u>	\$ 17,341,108
LIABILITIES	AND NET POSITION	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts and warrants payable	\$ 200,037	\$ 178,220
Accrued liabilities	123,195	88,583
Unearned revenue	50,744	405,460
Total current liabilities	373,976	672,263
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Compensated absences	258,278	241,404
Other postemployment benefits	123,322	164,725
Total noncurrent liabilities	381,600	406,129
TOTAL LIABILITIES	755,576	1,078,392
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	5,557,782	5,618,906
Unrestricted	12,120,237	10,643,810
Total net position	17,678,019	16,262,716
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	<u>\$ 18,433,595</u>	\$ 17,341,108

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
OPERATING REVENUES		
Zero-fare demonstration project	\$ 256,281	\$ 248,050
Advertising	13,876	68,785
Total operating revenues	270,157	316,835
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Operations	4,941,295	4,530,703
Maintenance	947,233	886,295
General and administrative	1,722,834	1,569,773
Total operating expenses	7,611,362	6,986,771
Loss from operations	(7,341,205)	(6,669,936)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Property and other taxes	5,676,210	5,487,821
Federal operating assistance	2,137,118	2,052,526
Federal planning assistance	139,180	138,565
State operating assistance	42,242	33,710
Interest income	206,648	118,453
Other revenues	18,391	14,273
Total non-operating revenues	8,219,789	7,845,348
Income before capital contributions	878,584	1,175,412
Capital contributions	536,719	389,876
Change in net position	1,415,303	1,565,288
Net position, beginning of year	16,262,716	14,697,428
Net position, end of year	\$ 17,678,019	\$ 16,262,716

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from zero-fare demonstration project Receipts from contract services Payments to suppliers Payments to employees NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	256,281 13,876 (1,700,593) (5,069,234) (6,499,670)	\$	248,050 68,785 (1,605,609) (4,713,509) (6,002,283)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts from property and other taxes Receipts from Federal and State operating grants Other receipts NET CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		5,306,792 4,114,575 18,391 9,439,758	_	5,186,726 2,342,387 14,273 7,543,386
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Receipts from Federal capital grants NET CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(772,871) 536,887 (235,984)	_	(631,495) 402,139 (229,356)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		206,648		118,453
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,910,752		1,430,200
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		9,007,454		7,577,254
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	11,918,206	\$	9,007,454
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ARE PRESENTED IN THE ACCOMPANYING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS: Cash and cash equivalents Capital cash reserves Operating reserves	\$ \$	1,262,361 7,527,706 3,128,139 11,918,206	\$ <u>\$</u>	681,864 7,316,125 1,009,465 9,007,454
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Loss from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to cash flows from	\$	(7,341,205)	\$	(6,669,936)
operating activities: Depreciation		833,995		764,410
(Increase) decrease in operating assets: Receivables, net Supplies inventory Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		(22,968) (19,833) 18,441		(1,148) (12,175) (37,637)
Accounts and warrants payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	21,817 34,612 16,874 (41,403) (6,499,670)	\$	35,998 (40,036) (34,656) (7,103) (6,002,283)

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to audited financial statements

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Missoula Urban Transportation District (the District) was organized under the laws of the state of Montana in 1976 to provide public transportation to the Missoula area. The District operates under the name "Mountain Line" and is authorized to levy taxes and charge fares to pay for the operations of the District.

The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors appointed by Missoula County (the County) and the City of Missoula (the City). The Board of Directors sets District policy, levies taxes, appropriates funds, adopts budgets, and performs other duties required by state and federal law.

Financial Reporting Entity

The District is considered a separate legal entity since neither the County nor the City appoints a controlling majority of the governing board, and the District is not financially accountable or fiscally dependent on either the County or the City. Furthermore, the District is not considered a component unit of either the City or the County.

Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units, and follow proprietary fund reporting. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The District's financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The District's financial statements are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized when incurred.

Operating revenues consist primarily of zero-fare demonstration project contributions. The District also recognizes revenue for contracted services and transit advertising revenue as operating revenue. Operating expenses comprise the costs of operating the District, including depreciation on capital assets. Capital contributions include grant revenue and other contributions related to capital acquisitions or construction. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are assets set aside to meet externally imposed legal and contractual obligations. Restricted assets are used in accordance with their requirements. Where both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, restricted resources are used first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets and Property Taxes

The District is required to submit an annual budget to the Board of County Commissioners for the purpose of certifying the amount of taxes to be levied for the subsequent fiscal year. Property tax levies are set on the second Monday in August in connection with the budget process and are assessed and collected by the County Treasurer on behalf of the District. Real property taxes are billed in October, and are payable in two equal installments on November 30 and May 31. Personal property taxes, which are based on prior year levies, are billed in July and due thirty days after billing. After these dates, they become delinquent and a lien is placed upon the property. Uncollected property taxes are shown on the statement of net position as receivables.

The taxable value of property in the District's taxing jurisdiction as of November 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$130,556,547 and \$130,545,441, respectively. The District levied 19.06 and 20.00 mills, with the value of one mill within the District's boundaries equating to \$128,962 and \$121,709 as of November 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The 2001 and 2003 Montana State legislatures permitted local government units to increase the property tax levy for a portion of premium contributions for group health benefits. The District levied \$293,291 or 2.23 mills for November 2018 and \$284,642 or 2.37 mills for November 2017, respectively.

Legal Debt Margin

The District is authorized by law to incur bonded indebtedness of up to 28% of the District's taxable valuation. The District does not intend to issue bonded debt.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of funds on deposit with the Missoula County Treasurer. Such funds consist of demand and time deposits that are commingled with funds of other taxing districts. Information regarding credit risk, insurance, and collateral relating to cash equivalents can be found in Missoula County's annual financial reports for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash funds designated by the board for capital improvements and operating reserves amounted to \$7,527,706 and \$3,128,139 at June 30, 2019, respectively. Cash funds designated by the board for capital improvements and operating reserves amounted to \$7,316,125 and \$1,009,465 at June 30, 2018, respectively. Interest revenue consists of allocations of income on funds held by the Missoula County Treasurer and bank account interest.

Receivables

Receivables consist mainly of amounts due for federal grant reimbursements and property taxes owed to the District. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District did not record an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is based on historical trends, emphasizing collection history at Missoula County.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid to vendors for services to be received in future months.

Capital Assets

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements40 yearsTransportation Equipment4-14 yearsShop Equipment5 yearsFurniture and Fixtures5 years

Repairs and maintenance are expended when incurred and betterments, which are expected to extend an asset's useful life, are capitalized in excess of \$1,000. Upon retirement or other disposition of property and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any gains or losses are included in non-operating revenue and expenses. Projects in progress are not depreciated until placed in service.

Unearned Revenue

At June 30, 2019, unearned revenue consists of zero-fare project contributions. Zero-fare contributions are recognized as income at the end of each month, with the total contract amount prorated evenly over the number of months of the contract. At June 30, 2018, unearned revenue consisted of zero-fare project contributions and deferred property tax revenue as a result of a change in property tax estimates by Missoula County for fiscal years 2016 and 2017. The deferred amount was fully recognized during the following year as taxpayers were billed at a lower rate.

Compensated Absences

All employees of the District receive compensation for vacations, holidays, illness and certain other qualifying absences. The number of days compensated in the various categories of absence is based generally on length of service. Upon termination, all employees are paid 100 percent of any unused vacation benefits and 25 percent of their accrued sick leave. At the end of each calendar year, union employees may cash out 25 percent of any unused sick leave accumulated during the calendar year, less the amount of sick leave used, not to exceed 48 hours. Upon termination, non-union employees are entitled to additional severance pay equal to 25 percent of the value of unused sick leave. Vacation leave that has been earned but not yet paid has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

Supplies Inventory

Supplies inventory consists of maintenance parts and supplies, including fuel, used in the ordinary course of operations. Materials and supplies are stated at the lower of average cost or market.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The District recognizes and reports its postemployment healthcare benefits in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Classification of Net Position

The District classifies its net position as follows:

Net Investment In Capital Assets reflects the net position of the District that are invested in capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Restricted Net Position represents resources that are not accessible for general use because their use is subject to restrictions enforceable by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations, or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District had no restricted net position.

Unrestricted Net Position represents resources that do not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, and are available for general use.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP involves the use of management's estimates. These estimates are based upon management's judgments after considering past and current events and assumptions about future events. Actual results may differ from estimates.

NOTE 2. Receivables

Receivables at June 30 consist of the following:

	 2019	2018
Federal grant reimbursements	\$ 353,778	2,149,981
Property taxes, net	273,568	258,866
Other	 46,100	23,132
Total receivables	\$ 673,446	\$ 2,431,979

NOTE 3. Capital Assets

Substantially all property and equipment has been acquired under capital assistance grants administered by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, whereby a percentage (usually 80 percent) of the cost of capital additions is reimbursed by the grantor, and the remaining portion is funded by the District. Under the terms of the grants, title to the assets rests with the District; however, the District is prohibited from disposing of grant-related assets without prior approval of the grantor prior to the end of its useful life, and a portion of the proceeds from such disposition may be payable to the grantor in proportion to the grantor's original contribution under certain conditions. A schedule of capital asset activity follows:

	N	pital Assets Not Being epreciated			C	Capital Assets B	ein	g Depreciated		
			Bı	uildings and	T	ransportation		Shop	F	urniture and
		Land		nprovements		Equipment		Equipment		Fixtures
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$	80,909	\$	5,845,874	\$	10,571,419	\$	115,876	\$	780,040
Additions		-		279,238		295,490		3,800		52,966
Deletions				<u> </u>		(75,013)		(300)		(51,643)
Balance, June 30, 2018		80,909		6,125,112		10,791,896		119,376		781,363
Additions		-		215,801		494,829		58,038		8,576
Deletions						(704,654)		(5,597)		(1,576)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	80,909	\$	6,340,913	\$	10,582,071	\$	171,817	\$	788,363
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$	-	\$	3,154,684	\$	7,626,321	\$	115,876	\$	745,415
Depreciation		-		301,726		442,230		380		20,074
Deletions						(75,013)		(300)		(51,643)
Balance, June 30, 2018		-		3,456,410		7,993,538		115,956		713,846
Depreciation		-		290,007		517,151		6,564		20,273
Deletions						(700,282)		(5,597)		(1,575)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$		\$	3,746,417	\$	7,810,407	\$	116,923	\$	732,544
Total Net Capital Assets										
June 30, 2018	\$	80,909	\$	2,668,702	\$	2,798,358	\$	3,420	\$	67,517
June 30, 2019	\$	80,909	\$	2,594,496	\$	2,771,664	\$	54,894	\$	55,819

NOTE 4. Commitments

The Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 provides for the funding of a portion of the District's operating costs and capital needs based upon a defined formula grant program. Generally, funds may be utilized for 80 to 86 percent of project costs for capital assistance or 50 to 80 percent for operating assistance depending on the funding source. Funds are apportioned to the District annually and generally are available until expended.

NOTE 5. Pension Plans

The District has a defined contribution retirement plan, which covers essentially all union personnel. The District contributed \$3.34 per hour for operators/paratransit and \$3.30 per hour for the maintenance department for the year ended June 30, 2019, for union employees under the Teamsters Union retirement plan. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District contributed \$3.02 per hour for operators/paratransit and \$3.00 per hour for the maintenance department for union employees under the Teamsters Union retirement plan. The District's contributions totaled \$404,173 for the year ended June 30, 2019, and \$354,184 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Covered union payroll was \$2,429,073 in 2019 and \$2,301,568 in 2018.

The District has an Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a) pension plan arrangement for non-union employees. The District contributed 10.0 percent of non-union employees' gross salary under the 401(a) plan for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The District's contributions totaled \$91,015 for the year ended June 30, 2019, and \$78,217 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Covered non-union payroll was \$928,555 in 2019 and \$784,792 in 2018.

All employees may participate in elective salary deferrals under an IRC Section 457 plan up to the maximum amount allowed by law. Union and non-union employees are eligible to participate in the plan from the date of employment.

NOTE 6. Risk Management

The District faces a number of risks including (a) loss or damage to property, (b) general liability, (c) workers' compensation, and (d) employee medical insurance. Commercial insurance policies are purchased for loss or damage to property and general liability.

The District is a member of the Missoula County Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan). The Plan self-insures for workers' compensation coverage. Workers' compensation is covered up to \$250,000 per individual occurrence. Losses in excess of the self-insured limit are covered by reinsurance with a commercial carrier. Settled claims did not exceed the commercial coverage for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. No liability accrual was required at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

The District's workers' compensation rates are based upon state rates, currently ranging from \$4.35 to \$12.12 per \$100 of covered payroll. Contributions for 2019 and 2018 were \$290,953 and \$278,937, respectively. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, there were no claims in excess of insured coverage under the Plan.

The District participates in the County's employee benefit plan which is a self-insured health plan providing medical and dental benefits to all employees electing to be covered. The Plan is self-insured up to \$150,000 per individual. Losses in excess of the individual self-insured limit are covered by reinsurance with a commercial carrier. During 2019 and 2018, the District paid \$626,621 and \$567,639 for the coverage while employees contributed \$55,472 and \$69,552, respectively.

NOTE 7. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. GASB 75 requires employers to calculate the actuarial liability for future retiree benefits. Information on the District's health benefit plan for retirees is included below.

The District participates in the Missoula County Employee Benefits Plan (MCEBP) – a Defined Benefit Multiple Employer Plan that provides for varying amounts of health insurance for eligible retired employees. The benefit is offered to all employees who, (1) retire on or after attaining age 65, (2) retire at age 60 with at least five years of service, or (3) employees who have completed at least thirty years of service. An employee may qualify for early retirement upon completion of five years of service and attained the age of 50 or completed at least 25 years of service. These benefits are established and may be amended by Missoula County. The plan issues stand-alone financial statements, which can be obtained, from Missoula County Risk & Benefits, 200 West Broadway, Missoula, Montana 59802.

Retirees are able to purchase health benefits for themselves and their family at two different rates: the Medical Standard Plan or the Medical High Deductible Plan. Both Plans are self-funded through MCEBP, and the trust pays claim costs plus administrative expenses. Retirees may also elect optional dental or vision coverage.

Retirees pay a monthly premium based on their plan election and level of dependent coverage. The premiums effective July 1, 2018, are shown below.

		Medical		
	Medical (H	ligh Deductible		
Level of Coverage	(Standard Plan)	Plan)	Dental	Vision
Single	\$ 590.00 \$	412.70 \$	43.00 \$	12.50
EE + Child	988.00	691.90	105.00	23.00
EE + Spouse	1,107.00	774.70	76.00	23.60
Family	1,506.00	1,053.90	139.00	34.10

As of June 30, 2017, the number of active and inactive employees covered by the MCEBP plan was as follows:

Active employees	913
Retirees	52
Total	965

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual change in the employer's net OPEB liability with deferred recognition for certain items, which is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. The net OPEB liability is the total OPEB liability, net of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. And the total OPEB liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service. A schedule of changes in the plan's net OPEB liability is presented as required supplementary information. Since the District participates in the MCEBP Plan, its share of the total OPEB liability was calculated by multiplying the collective total OPEB liability by the District's proportionate share, which is 3.70% as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the District's portion of the plan's net OPEB liability was \$123,322. This liability is not funded under GASB 75 since there are no assets allocated to an irrevocable trust for the plan and as such the funded status of the plan is 0%.

For the actuarial valuation performed at June 30, 2019, the health care trend rate was 6.2% for 2019, decreasing overtime. The assumed discount rate was 3.36%, payroll growth was 2.5%, and general inflation was 3% per year. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projection AA Fully Generational.

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the plan at the selected discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or higher than the selected discount rate.

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the plan at the selected medical trend rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a medical trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or higher than the selected discount rate.

	1%	1% Decrease		scount Rate	19	% Increase
		(5.2%)		(6.2%)		(7.2%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	99,146	\$	123,322	\$	156,088

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results compare to the past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for the plan are based on types of benefits provided under the substantive plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and, consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities.

NOTE 8. Lease Agreements

In May 2018, the District signed a seven year agreement ending June 30, 2025 to lease space in its Transfer Center for \$1,170 per month, with 2 - 5% increases in monthly rent beginning in July 2020.

NOTE 9. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 8, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2019

	2018	2019
Service cost	\$ 11,755	\$ 9,339
Interest	5,928	3,909
Difference between expected and actual experience	(9,874)	(8,535)
Changes in assumptions	(14,912)	(46,116)
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Employer contributions	(10,166)	-
Employee contributions	(25,943)	-
Net investment income	-	-
Benefit payments	32,418	-
Administrative expense	3,691	-
Net change	(7,103)	(41,403)
Net OPEB liability - beginning of year	171,828	 164,725
Net OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 164,725	\$ 123,322
Plan fiduciary net position	\$ -	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	- %	- %
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,035,372	\$ 3,368,295
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.43 %	3.66 %
Notes to Schedule:		
Major Assumptions		
Discount rate	3.45 %	3.36 %
Medical trend	6.20 %	6.20 %

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FEDERAL SOURCE				FUNDS
PASS-THROUGH SOURCE	GRANTOR		GRANT	EXPENDED
PROGRAM TITLE	CONTRACT	CFDA	AWARD	CURRENT
Type of Assistance	NUMBER	NUMBER	AMOUNT	YEAR
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Federal Transit Cluster				
Urbanized Area Formula Grants	MT-2016-010-00	20.507	1,853,283	24,000
Urbanized Area Formula Grants	MT-2016-014-00	20.507	406,560	60,056
Urbanized Area Formula Grants	MT-2019-004-00	20.507	1,717,929	1,717,929
Urbanized Area Formula Grants	MT-2019-006-00	20.507	419,189	419,189
Urbanized Area Formula Grants	MT 2019-008-00	20.507	3,960,985	196,137
Urbanized Area Formula Grants	MT-95-0015-00	20.507	411,636	71,609
Subtotal Federal Transit Cluster			8,769,582	2,488,920
Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities	110220	20.513	67,702	67,702
Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities	109838	20.513	117,215	117,215
Subtotal by CFDA Number			184,917	184,917
Passed Through Missoula County, Montana				
Transit Technical Studies Grants FY16	109231	20.505	119,552	16,027
Transit Technical Studies Grants FY17	109758	20.505	123,153	123,153
Subtotal by CFDA Number			242,705	139,180
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				\$ 2,813,017

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the same basis of accounting as described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Fixed Route		ADA omparable aratransit	General and ministrative	Total
Wages and fringe:					
Operations	\$	2,872,969	\$ 833,820	\$ -	\$ 3,706,789
Maintenance		571,615	11,579	-	583,194
Administration		-	-	830,737	830,737
Other postemployment benefit		(27,465)	(6,608)	(7,330)	(41,403)
Training		-	_	20,958	20,958
Professional/technical		-	-	140,462	140,462
Maintenance		73,920	-	144,963	218,883
Fuel/tires/lubricants		439,957	60,326	-	500,283
Materials/supplies		248,661	13,015	17,070	278,746
Utilities		51,619	5,937	27,523	85,079
Insurance		234,369	48,032	-	282,401
Promotion		-	-	86,951	86,951
Travel		-	_	50,461	50,461
Taxes/dues/subscriptions		-	_	21,719	21,719
Depreciation		344,077	104,523	385,395	833,995
Miscellaneous		7,740	442	3,925	12,107
	\$	4,817,462	\$ 1,071,066	\$ 1,722,834	\$ 7,611,362
		63.29 %	 14.07 %	22.63 %	<u> </u>

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		E' 1		ADA	,	General	
	Fixed		Comparable			and	
		Route	Paratransit		Administrative		 Total
Wages and fringe:							
Operations	\$	2,676,029	\$	650,363	\$	-	\$ 3,326,392
Maintenance		541,096		15,972		-	557,068
Administration		-		-		755,357	755,357
Other postemployment benefit		(4,876)		(963)		(1,264)	(7,103)
Training		_		· -		13,474	13,474
Professional/technical		-		_		118,363	118,363
Maintenance		120,425		-		107,527	227,952
Fuel/tires/lubricants		395,023		41,086		_	436,109
Materials/supplies		247,303		14,694		20,496	282,493
Utilities		52,258		5,130		27,603	84,991
Insurance		212,139		48,301		3,092	263,532
Promotion		-		-		86,975	86,975
Travel		-		_		40,447	40,447
Taxes/dues/subscriptions		-		-		24,205	24,205
Depreciation		321,622		76,013		366,775	764,410
Miscellaneous		5,383		_		6,723	12,106
	\$	4,566,402	\$	850,596	\$	1,569,773	\$ 6,986,771
		65.36 %		12.17 %		22.47 %	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Missoula Urban Transportation District Missoula, Montana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Missoula Urban Transportation District, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Missoula Urban Transportation District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Junkermier, Clark, Campanella, Stevens, P.C.

Kalispell, Montana November 8, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Missoula Urban Transportation District Missoula, Montana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Missoula Urban Transportation District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Missoula Urban Transportation District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Missoula Urban Transportation District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Missoula Urban Transportation District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Missoula Urban Transportation District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Missoula Urban Transportation District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Missoula Urban Transportation District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Missoula Urban Transportation District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Missoula Urban Transportation District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Junkermier, Clark, Campanella, Stevens, P.C.

Kalispell, Montana November 8, 2019

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The Auditors' Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Missoula Urban Transportation District.
- 2. There were no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Missoula Urban Transportation District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance applicable to major programs for the June 30, 2019, single audit included in this document.
- 5. The Auditors' Report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Missoula Urban Transportation District expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There were no audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for Missoula Urban Transportation District.
- 7. The program tested as major programs: Federal Transit Cluster, Department of Transportation, CFDA 20.507.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B Programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Missoula Urban Transportation District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

MISSOULA URBAN TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

II.	FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT
	None
III.	FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT
	None
IV.	STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS
	None